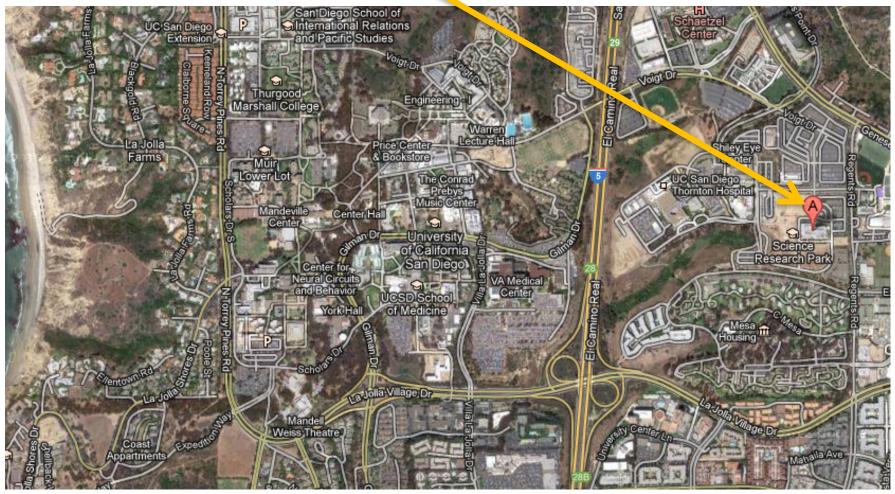
Immunoinformatics resources for the understanding of immunological information

A case study in personalized cancer immunotherapy

Bjoern Peters La Jolla Institute for Allergy and Immunology

La Jolla Institute for Allergy and Immunology (LIAI)



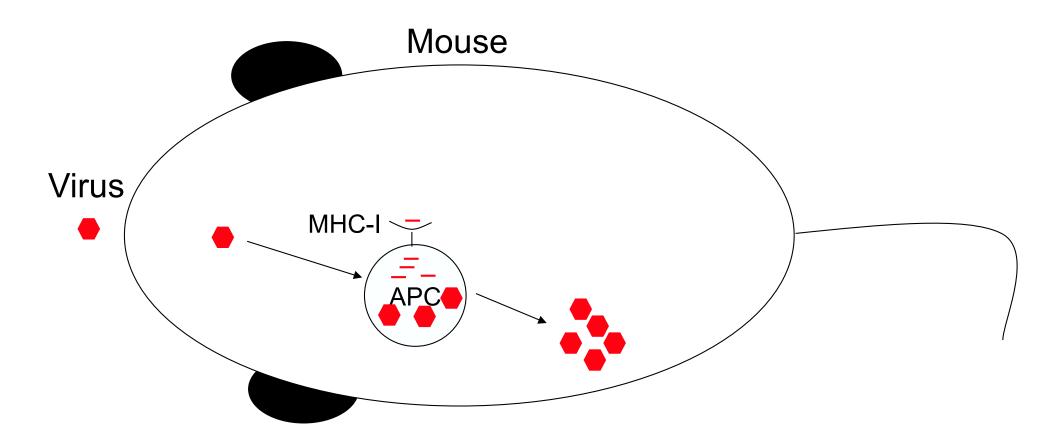
Overview

- Part I Lecture: Biological Background
 - T cell immune responses target non-self entities
 - Cancer cells bear somatic mutations
 - Cancer immunotherapy aims to target immune responses to cancer cells
 - Part II Lecture: Bioinformatic guided approaches
 - Sequencing approaches identify tumor specific somatic mutations
 - HLA binding predictions can identify which of these will be immunogenic
 - Part III Hands on session: Design a personalized cancer vaccine

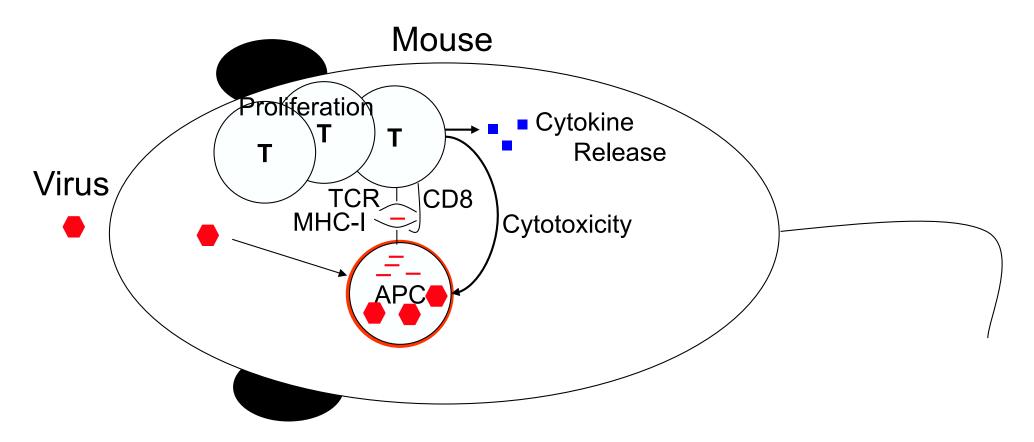
HLA molecules as sensors of non-self

HLA = Human MHC molecules

CD8⁺ T cell epitopes in viral infection

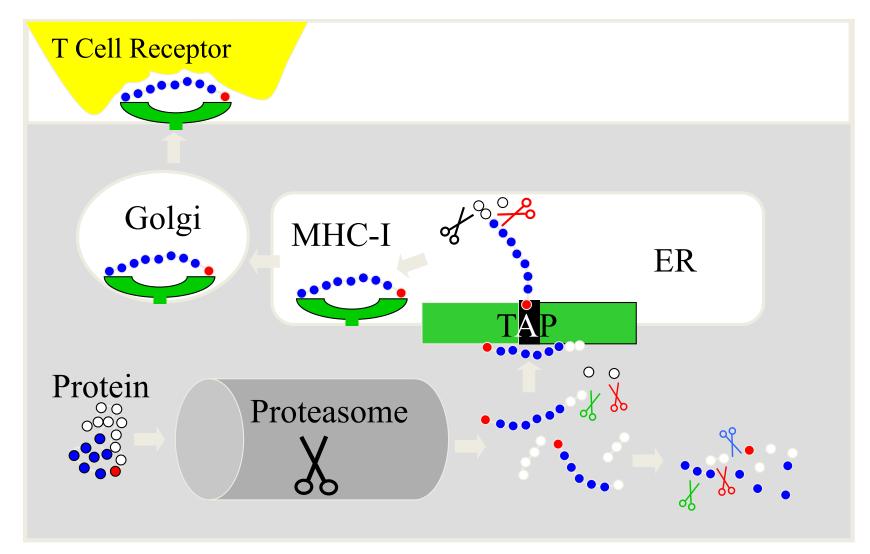


CD8⁺ T cell epitopes in viral infection



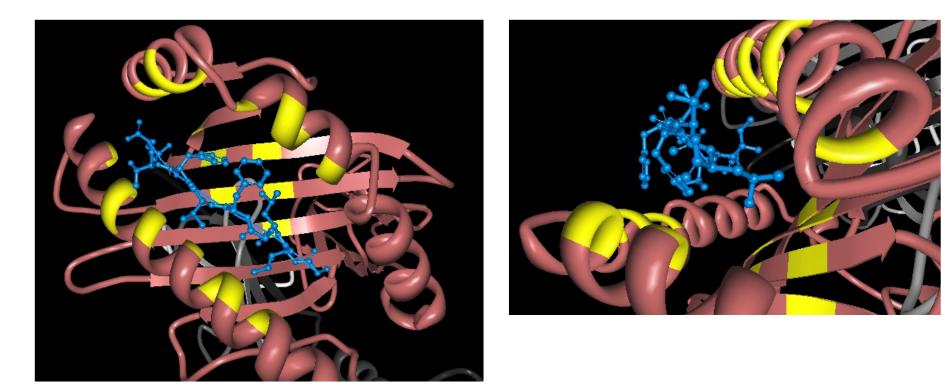
- How do peptides get loaded on MHC molecules?
- How do T cells distinguish self- from non-self peptides?

MHC I - Antigen processing and presentation pathway



Peters et al, J Mol Biol 2002, Bioinformatics 2003, J Immunol.2003; CMLS 2005 ; Assarson, J Immunol 2007

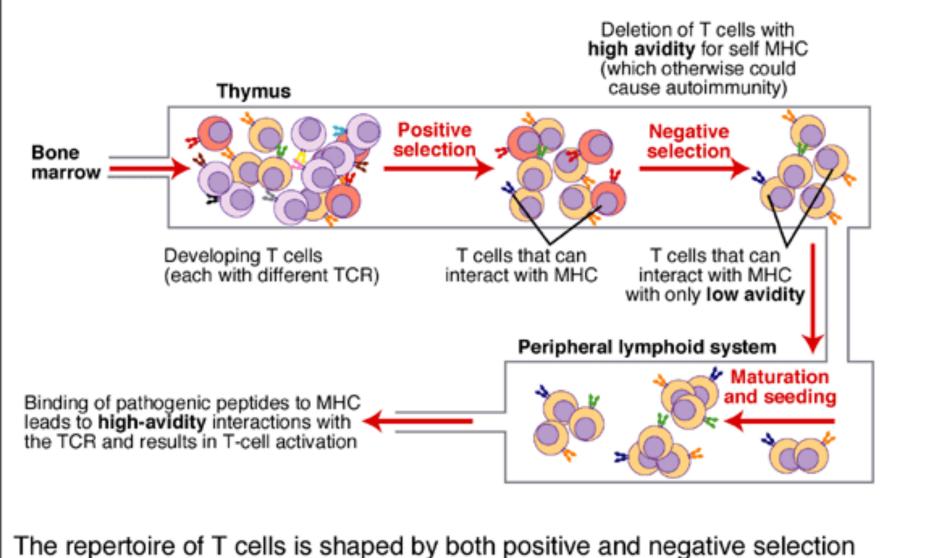
MHC:peptide binding mode



- Each human has 6 types of MHC molecules (alleles)
- >3000 alleles are known
- Distinct binding specificities \rightarrow individual epitope repertoire

X-Ray Structure: Madden, Cell 1993. Viewer: Beaver and Ponomarenko, Immunome Research, 2007

Self – reactive T cells are deleted during maturation

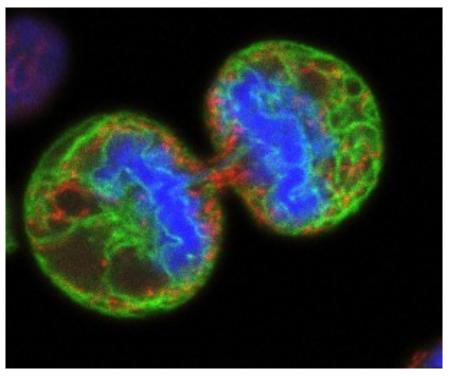


Expert Reviews in Molecular Medicine © 1999 Cambridge University Press

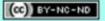
Background: Cancer

What is cancer?

- All cancers derive from single cells that have acquired the characteristics of continually dividing in an unrestrained manner and invading surrounding tissues.
- Cancer cells behave in this abnormal manner because of changes in the DNA sequence of key genes, which are known as cancer genes. Therefore all cancers are genetic diseases.

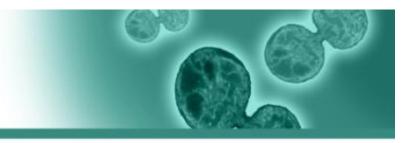


Human melanoma cell undergoing cell division Credit: Paul Smith & Rachel Errington, Wellcome Images





What is a mutation?



• Germline mutation

- A change in the DNA sequence that can be inherited from either parent
- Somatic mutation
 - A change in the DNA sequence in cells other than sperm or egg
 - The mutation is present in the cancer cell and its offspring, but not in the patient's healthy cells





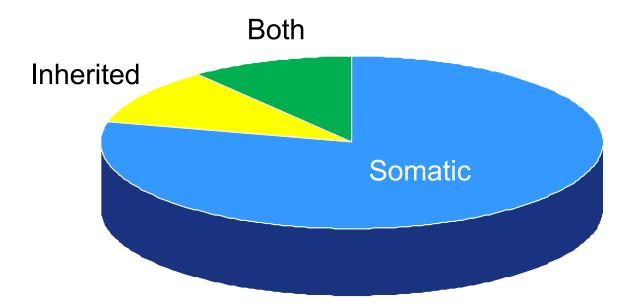
Mutations & cancer genes

- Cancer genes are causally implicated in *oncogenesis*
- Mutations in cancer genes can occur somatically or can be inherited.
- Mutations in some cancer genes can be inherited from parents, in which case they are present in every cell of the body. Such people are at a higher risk of developing cancer.
- Somatic mutations can occur in any of the cells of the body except the germ cells (sperm and egg) and therefore are not passed on to children.





Importance of somatic DNA changes in human cancer



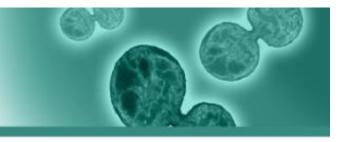
Only 5 –10% of cancer cases have a clear hereditary component, e.g. *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* in breast cancer

Even in those cases where susceptibility is clearly inherited, somatic changes are required for cancer to develop





Examples of mutations

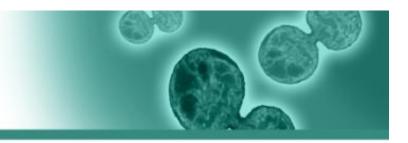


| Sequence 1 | Sequence 2 | Туре |
|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| ACTCGTTAGGCA | ACTCCTTAGGCA | Substitution |
| ACTCGTTAGGCA | ACTCGGCA | Deletion |
| ACTCGTTAGGCA | ACTCGTTATCAGGCA | Insertion |
| ACTCGTTAGGCA | ACTTTGCAGGCA | Inversion |
| ACTCGTTAGGCA | ACTCGTTAGTTAGGCA | Duplication |
| | | |

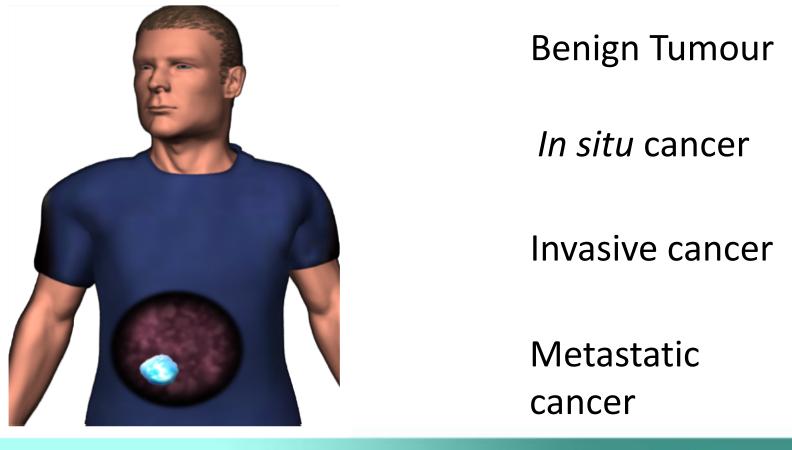


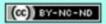






Mutations in multiple cancer genes are required for the development and progression of a single cancer







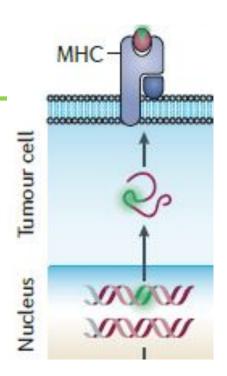
Neoepitopes (Neoantigens)

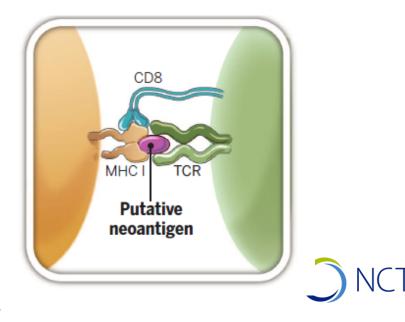
- Cancers genomes accumulate mutations
- Mutations in coding regions are translated in mutated protein sequences
- Mutated peptides can be presented as epitopes on MHC to T cells

Neoepitopes are presumably recognized by tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes **(TILs)**

Neoepitopes are highly tumor-specific!

Coulie et al, Nat Rev Cancer. 2014 Feb;14(2):135-46 Schumacher & Schreiber, Science. 2015 Apr 3;348(6230):69-74





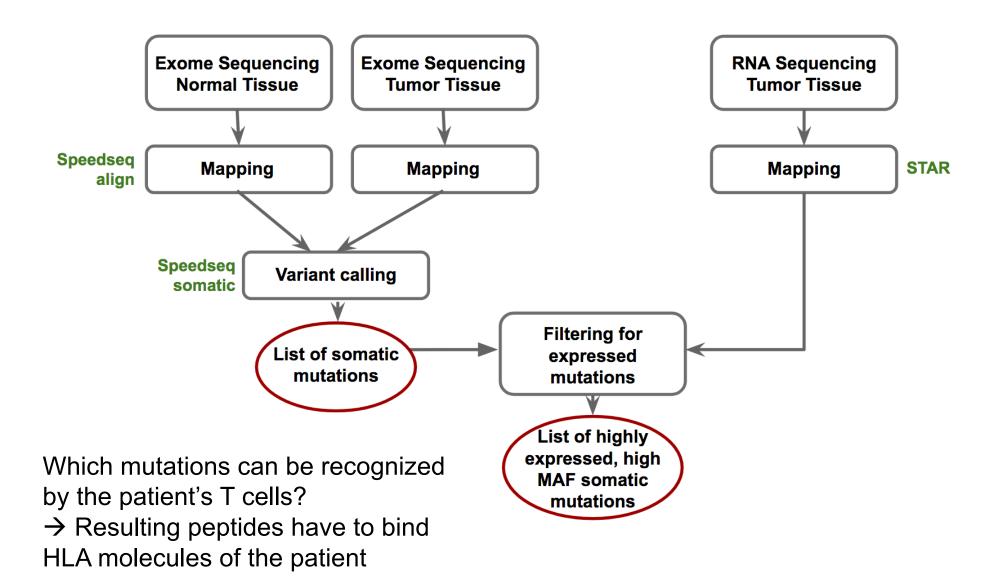
Cancer Immunotherapy

- <u>Vaccination</u>: Introduce or boost an immune response against a specific target (<u>antigen</u>)
- Cancer cells contain non-self antigens that *could* be recognized by T cells, but presence of cancer means this mechanism has failed, typically by the tumor suppressing immune responses
- <u>Checkpoint blockade treatments</u>: Block immune suppressive mechanisms to boost T cell immune responses against cancer cells.
- Problem: Checkpoint blockade is unspecific, and will also boost unwanted autoimmune responses
- <u>Personalized Cancer Immunotherapy</u>: Boost anti-tumor response with vaccine containing peptides corresponding to cancer mutations that can be recognized by T cells.
- \rightarrow How can such a vaccine be designed?

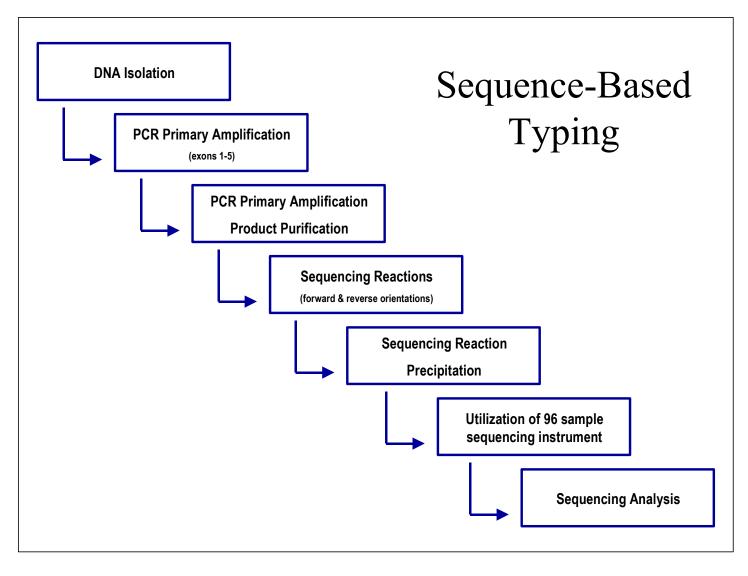
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DNA and RNA sequencing identifies tumor specific somatic mutations

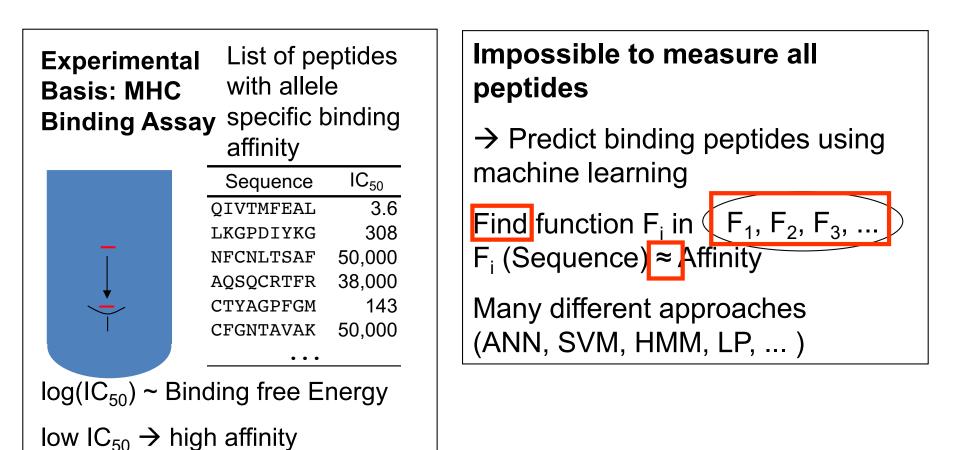


HLA Typing: Targeted sequencing of HLA locus



•http://www.ashi-hla.org/publicationfiles/ASHI_Quarterly/25_2_2001/highthrusbt3.htm

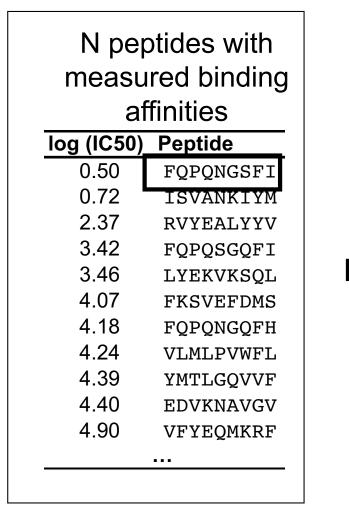
Measuring and predicting MHC:peptide binding

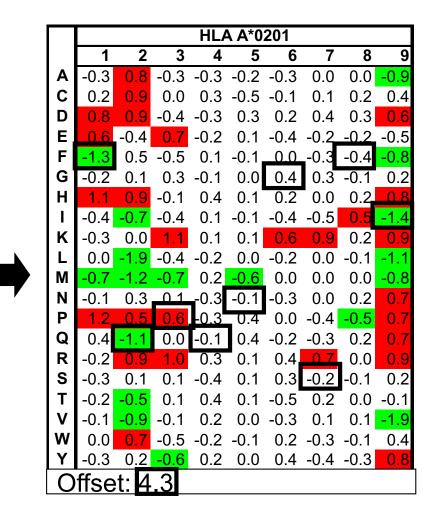


| T 11 | ORF 1 | MGQIVTMFEALPHI <mark>IDE</mark> V <mark>INIVI</mark> IVLIVITGIKAVYN |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T cell | ORF 2 | MGLKGPDIYKGVYQFKSVEFDMSHLNLTMPNACSANN |
| | ORF 3 | M H N F C N L T S A F N K K T F D H T L M S I V S S L H L S I D G N S N Y |
| epitope | ORF 4 | M |
| manning | ORF 5 | MHCTYAGPFGMSRILLSQEKTKFFTRRLAGTFTWTLS |
| mapping | ORF 6 | M K C F G N T A V A K C N V N H D A E F C D M L R L I D Y N K A A L S K F |
| | ORF 7 | MLMRNHL <mark>L</mark> DLMGVPYCNYSKFWYLEHAKTGETSVPKC |

Calculate scoring matrix from affinities

Machine learning PSSM = Minimize the difference between predicted and measured binding affinities by varying the matrix values





Predictions available as webserver

- Immune Epitope Database (IEDB) Analysis resource
- http://tools.iedb.org/mhci/

MHC-I Binding Predictions

| Prediction Method Version | 2013-02-22 [Older versions] | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Specify Sequence(s) | | | | |
| Enter protein sequence(s) in FASTA format or as whitespace-separated sequences. (Browse for sequences in NCBI) | | | | | |
| Or select file containing sequence(s) | Choose File No file chosen | | | | |
| Choose sequence format | auto detect format | | | | |
| | Choose a Prediction Method | | | | |
| Prediction Method | IEDB recommended Help on prediction method selections | | | | |
| | Specify what to make binding predictions for | | | | |
| MHC source species | human 🔻 | | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: | Allele Length Upload allele file ? | | | | |
| | Specify Output | | | | |
| Sort peptides by | Percentile Rank | | | | |
| Show | All predictions | | | | |
| Output format | XHTML table V | | | | |
| Email address (optional) | (?) | | | | |
| | Submit Reset | | | | |

| Prediction Method Version | 2013-02-22 [Older versions] | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Specify Sequence(s) | | | | |
| Enter protein sequence(s) in FASTA format or as whitespace-separated sequences. (Browse for sequences in NCBI) | >Region 1 SPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDD >Region 2 DPGPDEAPWMPEAAPPV | | | | |
| Or select file containing sequence(s) | Choose File No file chosen | | | | |
| Choose sequence format | auto detect format | | | | |
| | Choose a Prediction Method | | | | |
| Prediction Method | IEDB recommended Help on prediction method selections | | | | |
| | Specify what to make binding predictions for | | | | |
| MHC source species | human 🔻 | | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: | Allele Length V Upload allele file | | | | |
| Specify Output | | | | | |
| Sort peptides by | Percentile Rank | | | | |
| Show | All predictions | | | | |
| Output format | XHTML table • | | | | |
| Email address (optional) | (? | | | | |
| | Submit Reset | | | | |

| Prediction Method Version | 2013-02-22 [Older versions] | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Specify Sequence(s) | | | |
| Enter protein sequence(s) in FASTA format or as whitespace-separated sequences. (Browse for sequences in NCBI) | >Region 1 SPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDD >Region 2 DPGPDEAPWMPEAAPPV | | | |
| Or select file containing sequence(s) | Choose File No file chosen | | | |
| Choose sequence format | auto detect format | | | |
| | Choose a Prediction Method | | | |
| Prediction Method | IEDB recommended Help on prediction method selections | | | |
| Specify what to make binding predictions for | | | | |
| | specify what to make binding predictions for | | | |
| MHC source species | human | | | |
| MHC source species Show only frequently occuring alleles: | | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: ? Select MHC allele(s) | human Allele Length Upload allele file ecify Output | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: ? Select MHC allele(s) | human Allele Length Upload allele file ? | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: | human Allele Length Upload allele file HLA-A*01:01 HLA-A*02:01 HLA-A*02:06 HLA-A*03:01 HLA-A*11:01 Image: transmission of the second | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: Sort peptides by | human Image: Constraint of the state | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: ? Sort peptides by Show | Allele Length Image: Constraint of the state of the sta | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: Sort peptides by Show Output format | human Allele Length Image: Upload allele file Image: Optimized allele file Image: HLA-A*01:01 Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file HLA-A*02:01 Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file HLA-A*02:01 Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file Image: Optimized allele file HLA-A*02:06 Image: Optimized allele file | | | |

| Prediction Method Version | 2013-02-22 [Older versions] | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Specify Sequence(s) | | | | | |
| Enter protein sequence(s) in FASTA format or as whitespace-separated sequences. (Browse for sequences in NCBI) | >Region 1 SPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDD >Region 2 DPGPDEAPWMPEAAPPV | | | | |
| Or select file containing sequence(s) | Choose File No file chosen | | | | |
| Choose sequence format | auto detect format | | | | |
| | Choose a Prediction Method | | | | |
| Prediction Method | IEDB recommended Help on prediction method selections | | | | |
| | Specify what to make binding predictions for | | | | |
| MHC source species | human 🔻 | | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Image: I | Allele Length HLA-A*02:01 ▼ Upload allele file ? | | | | |
| | Sp <mark>8</mark> | | | | |
| Sort peptides by | Percentile Rank 10 11 | | | | |
| Show | All predictions 12 13 | | | | |
| Output format | XHTML table All lengths | | | | |
| Email address (optional) | • | | | | |
| | Submit Reset | | | | |

| Prediction Method Version | 2013-02-22 [Older versions] | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Specify Sequence(s) | | | | | |
| Enter protein sequence(s) in FASTA format or as whitespace-separated sequences. (Browse for sequences in NCBI) | >Region 1 SPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDD >Region 2 DPGPDEAPWMPEAAPPV | | | | |
| Or select file containing sequence(s) | Choose File No file chosen | | | | |
| Choose sequence format | auto detect format | | | | |
| | Choose a Prediction Method | | | | |
| Prediction Method | IEDB recommended Help on prediction method selections | | | | |
| | Specify what to make binding predictions for | | | | |
| MHC source species | human 🔻 | | | | |
| Show only frequently occuring alleles: Select MHC allele(s) Select HLA allele reference set: | Allele Length HLA-A*02:01 9 V Upload allele file | | | | |
| Specify Output | | | | | |
| Sort peptides by | Percentile Rank | | | | |
| Show | All predictions | | | | |
| Output format | XHTML table ▼ | | | | |
| Email address (optional) | | | | | |
| | Submit Reset | | | | |

MHC-I Binding Predictions

Loading... please wait.

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MHC-I Binding Prediction Results

Input Sequences

| # | Name | Sequence | | |
|---|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Reg 1 | SPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDD | | |
| 2 | Reg 2 | DPGPDEAPWMPEAAPPV | | |

Prediction method: IEDB recommended | Low percentile_rank = good binders Download result

Citations

Check to expand the result:

| Allele 🔶 | #\$ | Start 🗢 | End 🔷 | Length 🔶 | Peptide 🔶 | Method used 🔶 | Percentile_rank - |
|-------------|-----|---------|-------|----------|-----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| HLA-A*02:01 | 2 | 9 | 17 | 9 | WMPEAAPPV | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 0.4 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 8 | 16 | 9 | MLDLMLSPD | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 2.9 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 9 | AMLDLMLSP | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 4.0 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 9 | SQAMLDLML | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 7.7 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 6 | 14 | 9 | QAMLDLMLS | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 26.0 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 9 | DEAPWMPEA | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 32.0 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 9 | SPLPSQAML | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 33.0 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 9 | LPSQAMLDL | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 39.0 |
| HLA-A*02:01 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 9 | PSQAMLDLM | Consensus (ann/comblib_sidney2008/smm) | 43.0 |

Evaluating binding predictions

- Percentile rank < 0.5% = high affinity binder
- Percentile rank 0.5%-1% = intermediate binder
- Percentile rank 1% 2% = low affinity binder
- Percentile rank 2% 5% = borderline
- Percentile rank >5% is a non-binder

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Input data from actual patient

>P53_HUMAN Cellular tumor antigen p53 - Healthy Tissue MEEPQSDPSVEPPLSQETFSDLWKLLPENNVLSPLPSQAMDDLMLSPDDIEQWFTEDPGP DEAPRMPEAAPPVAPAPAAPTPAAPAPAPSWPLSSSVPSQKTYQGSYGFRLGFLHSGTAK SVTCTYSPALNKMFCQLAKTCPVQLWVDSTPPPGTRVRAMAIYKQSQHMTEVVRRCPHHE RCSDSDGLAPPQHLIRVEGNLRVEYLDDRNTFRHSVVVPYEPPEVGSDCTTIHYNYMCNS SCMGGMNRRPILTIITLEDSSGNLLGRNSFEVRVCACPGRDRRTEEENLRKKGEPHHELP PGSTKRALPNNTSSSPQPKKKPLDGEYFTLQIRGRERFEMFRELNEALELKDAQAGKEPG GSRAHSSHLKSKKGQSTSRHKKLMFKTEGPDSD

>P53_HUMAN Cellular tumor antigen p53 - Tumor Tissue

MEEPQSDPSVEPPLSQETFSDLWKLLPENNVLSPLPSQAMLDLMLSPDDIEQWFTEDPGP DEAPWMPEAAPPVAPAPAAPTPAAPAPAPSWPLSSSVPSQKTYQGSYGFRLGFLHSGTAK SVTCTYSPALNKMFCQLAKTCPVQLWVDSTPPPGTRVRAMAIYKQSQHMTEVVRRCPHHE RCSDSDGLAPPQHLIRVEGNLRVEYLDDRNTFVHSVVVPYEPPEVGSDCTTIHYNYMCNS SCMGGMNRRPILTIITLEV

HLA typing results: HLA-A*02:01, HLA-A*68:01 HLA-B*07:02, HLA-B*35:01

Steps

- Step 1: Identify sequence regions that contain all 9-mer peptides that are only found in the tumor
- Step 2: Run HLA binding prediction to identify 9-mer peptides in the sequence regions unique to the tumor that can be presented to T cells
- Step 3: Select the top peptide for each HLA allele
- Step 4: What is the un-mutated form of the chosen peptides in the patient? What is their MHC binding affinity?
- Step 5: Are the peptides really specific for the tumor? Examine this using NCBI BLAST
- Step 6: Decide: Which peptide would you choose?

backup

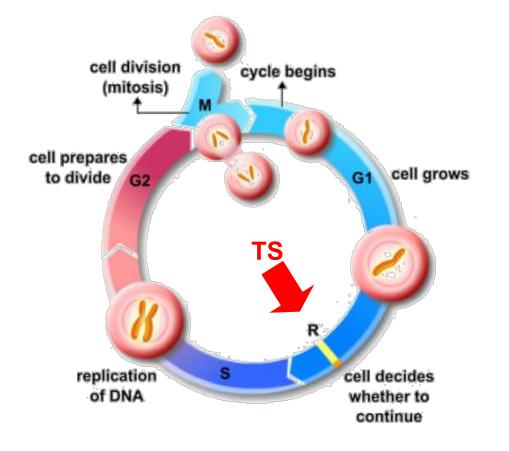
Cancer genes

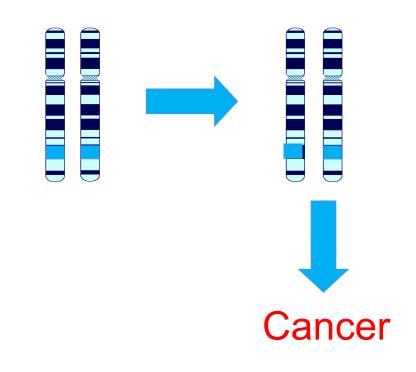
- There are two types of cancer genes:
 - Tumour suppressor genes
 - Oncogenes
- To date, we know of approximately 400 somatic "cancer genes" * but there are almost certainly more to be found
- COSMIC is a catalogue of somatic mutations found in cancer genes in human tumours and is available at: <u>http://www.sanger.ac.uk/genetics/CGP/cosmic/</u>

*(COSMIC v47release. July 2010)

Tumour suppressor gene

These genes normally function to PREVENT cell growth/division





Oncogene

Genes which normally function to PROMOTE cell growth/division in a controlled manner

